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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/001,596	10/19/2001	Mohammad Thudor	1171/39672/106	3006
7590 02/23/2005		EXAMINER		
Trexler, Bushnell, Giangiorgi,			PAIK, SANG YEOP	
Blackstone & Marr, Ltd. 36th Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
105 West Adams Street			3742	
Chicago, IL 60603			DATE MAILED: 02/23/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	$\wedge d$		
Office Action Summary		10/001,596	THUDOR ET AL.	$O^{\prime\prime}$		
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Sang Y Paik	3742			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence addi	ress		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this com D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.		
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/6/	<u>04, 11/29/04</u> .				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims			•		
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-17 and 19-36 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-17 and 19-36 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
-	The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10)	0)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	, , , , ,	•			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)!	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National S	tage		
Attachmen	• •	<i>"</i> □•				
2) Notice (3) Information	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4)	ate	152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-10, 16, 17, 19-28 and 34-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Daniell et al (US 5,558,084) in view of Elsworth et al (US 4,708,831).

Daniell shows the breathing assistance apparatus claimed having a humidifier with a water heater plate (20) for humidifying the gas, a heater plate sensor (8), an ambient external temperature sensor (45), a conduit heater (10), and a controller (11, 61) to monitor the input power to the heater plate and the conduit heater. However, Daniell does not show the conduit heater power monitor providing an output that is indicative of the input power to the conduit heater.

Elsworth shows a conduit heater having a heating wire whose heating temperature is measured in terms of the resistance of the heating wire, and the changes of the resistance of the heating wire are used to give the approximate measurement of the wire and the temperature of the conduit. Furthermore, a temperature sensor is also provided to the conduit to sense the temperature of the temperature of the water vapor in the conduit to control the water vapor pressure therein. The changes in the resistance or the temperature of the conduit is a parameter that is an output indicative of the input power to the conduit heater since such measurement

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depends on the input power of the conduit heater. These processes are done with the controller/monitor (56).

In view of Elsworth, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to adapt Daniell with the conduit heater power monitor which measures the resulting resistance of the heating wire or the temperature of the conduit that is an indicative of the conduit heater power and further adjust the input power to the conduit heater to further determine the desired level of gas temperature as well as its humidity in the conduit.

With respect to the claimed steps, while Daniell does not explicitly shows the sequence of the claimed steps, it would have been obvious to provide the controller with such monitoring processes or steps to monitor the changes in the threshold parameter values, including the changes in the resistance or temperature or other related parameters, so that the power to the conduit heater can be adjusted to maintain the desired humidity or gas temperature as the conduit heater can be affected by the surrounding elements such as the amount of the liquid being heated and transferred and the ambient temperatures.

With respect to claims 8 and 26, it is well known in the art that power comprises the voltage and current since the power is the product of voltage and current according to the well known Ohm's law.

In claim 17, with respect to the recitation of the parameter being the power drawn by the water heater means divided by temperature of the water heater, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use such parameter since the power and the temperature are proportionally related to each other that the claimed parameter would also be another form of the proportionally related value.

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3. Claims 11, 12, 15, 29, 30 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Daniell et al in view of Elsworth et al as applied to claims 1-10, 16, 17, 19-28 and 34-36 above, and further in view of McComb (US 5,349,946) or Clementi (US 5,031,612).

Daniell in view of Elsworth shows the apparatus claimed except the gas supply means to supply gas to the humidifier.

McComb shows a gas supply with a flow meter/sensor to supply gas and the processor to determine the desired humidity level at the given flow rate. Clementi also shows a gas supply such as a blower to provide the pressured gas flow to provide the desired humidified gas. In view of McComb or Clementi, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to adapt Daniell, as modified by Elsworth, with the gas supply means to provide the air source that is humidified for the user and to control the rate at which the air/gas is provided.

4. Claims 13, 14, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Daniell in view of Elsworth, and McComb or Clementi as applied to claims 11, 12, 15, 29, 30 and 33 above, and further in view of Rapoport et al (US 5,546,933) or Levy et al (US 6,204,623).

Daniell in view of Elsworth, and McComb or Clementi, shows the apparatus claimed except the gas supply having a fan with the variable speed electric motor.

Rapoport shows a blower having a variable speed blower motor to supply air. Levy also shows that it is well known in the art that a fan or blower is equipped with a variably controlled motor. In view of Rapoport or Levy, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to adapt Daniell, as modified by Elsworth, and McComb or Clementi, with the variable speed motor fan to control the amount of gas and the rate at which the gas is supplied.

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Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sang Y Paik whose telephone number is 571-272-4783. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:00-4:00) First Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robin Evans can be reached on 571-272-4777. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

5. Q

Sang Y Paik Primary Examiner Art Unit 3742

syp